The Middletown Transcript

VOL. 48 NO. 5

MIDDLETOWN, DELAWARE, SATURDAY MORNING, JANUARY 30,1915

PRICE THREE CENTS

DELAWARE COLLEGE

Mr. Pyle's Work Discussed the Women's College

INSTRUCTIVE AND INTERESTING

Dr. E. V Vaughn, chairman of the Delaware College Extension Committee announces the following lectures for

Assistant Prof. Dutton-"The Spirit Assistant Prof. Dutton—"The Spiral of American Literature" on February 12, New Century Club of Delmar; "The Poetry of the American Revolution", on February 26, at Milton; "Sidney Lanier" on February 27, Acorn Club of

Prof. Grantham-"The Origin of Our Cultivated Plants."

Prof. McCue-"The Dooryard" on February 26, at Appleton.

Prof. Rowan-"Our Bird Neighbors' on February 9, at Milton.

Prof. E. L. Smith-"Great Germa Otties" on February 12, and "Paris" on February 19, both before the Wilmington Y. M. C. A.

Prof. Sypherd-"Kipling as a Short Story Writer" on February 5, and "Lit-erature and Life on February 26, Wil-mington Y. M. C. A.; "Literature and

mington f. M. C. A.; hereactre authorized by the Corgetown. Prof. Thompson—"Under the Southern Cross" on February 9, Parent-Teachers Association of Lewes; on February 19, "Chemistry and Civilization", at Frankford.

Prof. Vaughn—"Our Town" on February 5, at Frankford and on February 12, at Appleton, "Curious Facts in Delaware History" on February 16, New Century Club of Middletown, and Tuesday Club of Odessa (date to be announced later.) On February 22, Prof. Vaughn will make an address at Elkton, Md., on some subject connected with early history of our country.

WOMEN'S COLLEGE NOTES

On Sathrday evening, January 23 Mr Frank Schoonover, a well know illustrator of Wilmington, gave an ad-dress at the Women's College on the work of the late Pyle, under whom he studied. He said that the idea of es studied. He said that the local of es-tablishing an art colony came to Mr. Pyle during the time that he was an instructor in Drexel Institute. "r. Schoonover then spoke of the human side of Mr. Pyle, showing how he was side of Mr. Pyle, showing how he was extremely generous never charging anything for the years of instrtruction that he gave to the colony of artists which he gathered about him at Chadd's Ford. Mr. Pyle was also, the speaker said, the most patient man he had ever said, the most patient man he had ever known. He was always ready to help pupils with their work, and would take unlimited pains to point out a mistake and show them how to correct it. Mr. Schnoover then sketched the growth of the art of magazine illustration, show ing that nearly all the most promine illustrators now painting in this country including Miss Jesse Wilcox Smith and Mrs. Alice Barber Stevens, received their training under Howard Pyle. The whole address was instructive as well as

Mr. George Heldmyer was a Sunda visitor with friends in New Castle.

Mrs. Joseph Heller, of Middletow was an over Sunday guest with relative

Mr. J. L Sparklin, of Churchhill, Md.

Mrs. H. V. Woodall, of Wilmington was the guest of Mrs. O. C. Steven part of last week.

Mr. Mailly Davis, of Wilmington visited his mother Mrs. M. M. Davis of

Miss Alice Croft, of Philadelphia, i spending some time with her grand mother Mrs. F. Croft.

Mrs. William Reynolds, of Blackbird spent last week with her son Mr. F. A

Mr. Columbus Watkins and wife, of Easton, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. F. B. Watkins over Sunday.

Miss Ruth Reynolds, of ne bird, spent a few days this week with her cousin Miss Dorothy Reynolds.

Miss Minnie Armstrong, of Newark, was an over Sunday visitor with her par-ents Mr. and Mrs.J. G. Armstrong.

Wednesday last with her brother Mr. and Mrs. Orville Humes, in Philadelphia.

The drama "Billy's Bungalow" will ary 3rd. Proceeds for the ber St. Pauls' M. E. Sunday School.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Ward had as their guests on Sunday, Mg. Frank Ward, of Richmond, Va.; Mr. and Mrs. Ward, of Philadelphia,; Mr. and Mrs. Harry Ward, Jr., of Chester, Pa.

The remains of Mrs. Elizabeth Price, were interred in Bethel Cemetery, on Wednesday afternoon. Mrs. Price made her home with her son Mr. Caleb at the time of her death on a visit with

TOWNSEND

Dr. J. D. Niles spent Tuesday Lee Gill, from U. S. Navy, is visiting parents Harry Gill and wife.

Mrs. John Townsend is visiting relives in Wilmington and Philadelphia. Mrs. Sallie Denney Crowding is naking Mrs. G. M. L. Hart an ex-

Mrs. Edward Reynolds spent se days this week with friends in Havre De Grace, Md.

Garreth Othoson and wife, of St. Georges, are guests of his sister Mrs. John Townsend and family.

Mrs. Daisy Collins, of Wilmington, spent Sunday with her parents B. G. Lockerman and family.

Leroy Lockerman and wife, of Delma have returned home after spending the past week with their parents. Mrs. Virginia Lee, and Mrs. Ella Mon

gan spent Thursday at the home of William Spicer and wife, near Blackbird. Mrs. G. M D. Hart has return home from a pleasant visit with her s Harry Hart family, in Philadelaphia.

Richard Hodgson visited Philadelph of W. Sunday, at the tabernacle

Robert Beardsley and family, Leroy Lockerman and family spent Sunday with Robert Beardsley Sr. and family,

George Dexter and brother from Easton, Mr. Williamson, of Baltimore, Mrs. Anna Dechart, of Harrisonburg, Va., were visitors in town last week.

Mr. D. B. Maloney was greatly su prised on Monday evening last when phone message called him to his son' home. On entering he was greeted by a number of his friends in town wh

table was tastefully decorated and table was tastefully decorated and covers laid for twenty who were served with course dinner from 8 to 11. While serving, music was furnished on the Victrola, after which the guests pre-sented him with a large black leather traveling bag with all attachments.

CHESAPEAKE CITY

Mr. Dan H. Garrett, of Elkton, Vd. pent Sunday last with friends in town

Mrs. Nathan Loveless visited friends

Mrs. Ida Bouchelle is visiting he daughter Mrs. Griffith Ellison near Kirkwood, Del.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Ellison

her home in town after visiting relatives in Baltimore Md.

The young men of town will give a nce in Masonic Hall on February 12th usic by Jacob's Orchestra

A social was held at the home of Mr armos Davidson last night for the enefit of Cayot's Church.

Mrs. Joseph Egee has returned to her eral weeks with Mrs. Anna Egee.

Mr. and Mrs. Clayton L. Ellison, Sr. spent Tuesday last at the home of Mr. H. C. Ellison, of Summit Bridge, Del.

Miss Mary Lum has returned to her home in Baltimore after spending some time with friends and relatives in and

Mrs. E. A. Beauchamp left town this

A play entitled "Billy's Bungalow", music by Poole's Orchestra, will be given in the Masonic Hall next Monday February 1st, proceeds for

"Hannah's" All Right!

"What's the matter with Hannah? Here's a new and blessed answer to the old gag—"She sailed on January 5th, for Belgium with these among other offerings for those heroic sufferers,

4 barrels of clothing, 12 barrels of flour, 4 boxes of dry goods and 9 cases of provisions—all kindly donated by Middletown und r the auspices of its "New Century Club."

This is the appreciative acknowledgemant to the Club from its Secretary, Hon. Robert D. McCarter. Our readers may have read—or yet read—of her safe arrival.

The Suffrage "Flyer"

the time of her death on a visit with platites in Chesapeake City. She was bout 74 years of age, and leaves many arm friends here and other places here she was known.

Three ladies who will tonight make addresses in the open sir before the Town Hall and between the reels to the "movies" audience within. We will next week give the matter the full notice its importance demands.

Durstan Contest till store closes to mrs. W. B. Biggs, Miss Ethel Brady, Mrs. George L. Townsend, and Miss. We demand the "movies" audience within. We will next week give the matter the full notice its importance demands.

FRIENDS & VISITORS

Personal Items About People See and Know

THOSE THAT COME AND GO

Miss Sarah Kates, spent the

Miss Lena Weber and Miss Edith Spry pent Wednesday in Philadelphia. Mrs. Rosa Shannon, of Swedesh

Mrs Margaret Smith is visiting her

Miss Frances Simmons spent Wed-esday, with her parents near Port

Mr. and Wrs. J. F. Deakyne speast Saturday and Sunday in Ph

Miss Ada Weber, of Blackbird, was he guest of Miss Helen Hall the first f this week. Mrs. Curtis Millman and daughter of

Mrs. John Henry Petherbridge, of Germantown, Pa.; Mrs. Jackson Study, of Lansdown, Pa., and Miss Sadie B. Smith, of Wilmington, were guests at the dining given by Mr. A. G. Cox on

We are gratified to learn that Mr. orge kichards, who has been sufferor g from a very serious case of typhoid ever for some weeks, is very much approved, and his relatives and friends

We are sorry to learn that out es-emed friend, Mr. George T. French, of Chicago, Ill., is quite ill with a bad case of blood poisoning. His many friends and acquaintances here, we are sure will be sorry to learn of his affliction and hope for his speedy recovery.

WARWICK

Preaching Sunday evening at 7.30 hristian Endeavor at 7 o'clock.

Mrs. Joseph Smith is spending some ime with relatives in Wilmington. Mrs. Mary A. Lofland, is visiting

riends and relatives in Philadelphia, Miss Mamie Merritt was a week end guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. Wilson Merritt in Middletown.

Pleasant, was the guest of Mrs. A. R. lerritt, on Wednesday.

Mrs Samuel Wilson, spent last week with her sister, Mrs. Clifford Deputy, ear Kirkwood.

own Hall in the near future. Dates vill be given later.

Mrs. John Price is visiting the week Rodney Price, at Annapolis.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Wilson Merritt, en-certained Mr. and Mrs. R. R. Merritt, Sr., of Warwick on Sunday last.

The Mite Society of the Warwick M. eting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Price, on Wednesday evening last.

PORT PENN

A Kumple and wife left on Wonday

Mrs. Frank Vanhekle is spending ouple of weeks with Isaac Vanhekle and wife in Philadelphia.

We are sorry to learn that Harper J. Carey is ill at his home with typhoid fever. At this writing he is reported as loing as well as can be expected.

The meeting room of the P. O. S. of The meeting room of the P. O. S. of 'A is now in readiness, atter having been painted stained and varnished and rugs put on the floor. The members expect to hold their meeting in it on Monday evening next The ladies are also invited to hear the debate: Resolve, that water is greater than fire

The entertainment held by Hickory Grove School children in the P O. S of A. Hall on Saturday evening was a did not keep the people indoors and there was a full house. The splendid acting of the children showed they had shall hear from them again in the fu-

Endorsed Ten Hour Law

Resolved: That the Executive Board or the Delaware Federation of Women's Clubs on January 21, 1915, realizing the great benefit that the Ten Hour Law has been to the working women of Delaware, endorse the present Ten Hour law and protest against its repeal or any adverse amendments SARAH REYNOLDS, Pres. ANNA D. HOUGH, Sec.

Coupons given in the Fogel &

BETHESDA CHURCH NOTES

The revival services have steadily increased in interest and power. Large congregations have gathered nightly although the weather conditions for athough the weather continuous the most part, have been unfavorable. The soulful singing and pointed sermens and exhortations have deeply impressed the people. Miss Minnie Shay is ably assisting the pastor. Her singing altar calls and personal work are an in altar calls and personal work are an invaluable asset in the services. She is winning golden opinions. If the interest continues to increase and the people continue to give their hearty support to the meetine the pastor is hopeful of We cordially welcome the members of other churches. We are making a esperate effort to bring souls to hores of Salvation. Will you not help us with your prayers, and be present every night and invite your neighbors to come with you? There have been several conversions and reclamations, and the spiritual life of the church has been greatly quickened. Next Sunday we expect to have a great day. The pastor will preach

great day. The pastor will preach morning and evening, and Miss Shay will sing and give the altar calls. Services will begin at 10.30 a. m. and 7.20 p.m. An opportunity will be given to those who have decided for Christ to join the Church on probation.

You will strengthen your position by uniting with God's people. The church is designed to help you on your way to and we will do you good.

There will be a men's meeting at 3.30 p. m. Miss Shay will sing and speak.
We want to see the church crowde with men. God is waiting to pour ou his spirit upon us. Some say we are having the best meeting seen here for

eeting. Junior League. Saturday 3 p. m. . Will all friends, who have not returne

ST. ANNES' CHURCH NOTES

January 31st. —Septuagesima Sunday Morning Prayer and Sermon at 10.3

Sunday School at 11.45 A. M. Evening Prayer and Address at 7.5

Service on Wednesday evening in the Church at 7.30. The Proceeds of the play, "Billy's

Bungal w'', given under the auspices of the Junior Aux'liary in the Oper House on Monday last was \$167.75, and we hereby wish to thank all who contri

buted to its success.

A Retreat will be given for the Clergy and others who wish to attend the Diocese of Easton, in Trinity Cathedral Church, Easton, Marylaed on Feb, 1st and 2d. The Rt. Rev. F. J. Kinsman, D. D., Bishop of the Diocese of Delaware will be the conductor of

the Retreat.

Monday, Feb. 1st. Eve of the Puri

8.00 P. M. Evensong and Sermon by the Bishop of Delaware. The public is invited to attend. Tuesday, Feb. 2d. Purification B. V.

9.30 A. M. Morning Prayer & Ad-

11.00 A. M. Address & Intercessions. 12.30 P. M. Luncheon in the Chapter House served by ladies of the Cathe 1.45 P. M. Address and Inte

4.40.P. M. Evensong. 8. 10 P. M. Quiet informal evening at the Deanery We earnestly hope that all the Breth-

ren will make an effort to come and w recognize the fact that as Clergy w will be more efficient in our work thi rest awhile" and let the Holy Ghost speak to us.

Forest Church Notes

M., Public Worship with Sermon.

11.45 A. M., Sunday School. 6.45 P. M., Christian Endeavor Se vice, "Foreign Mission Opportun the World Around", Acts 16 6:18, Emma Blackiston, Leader. 7.30 P. M., Evening Service.

tertainment under the auspice Society of Christian Endeavor

Entertained at Cards

Mrs. Clara Brady Green delightfully ntertained the "500 Club" at her entertained the "5000 Club" at her home Wednesday at luncheon. Those present were, Mrs. F. B. Watkins, Mrs. G. Lindsey Coo an, Miss Lydia Cochran, Mrs. Vf. m Davis, Mrs. Lee Sparks, Mrs. N. L. Beale, Mrs. E.

"BILLY'S BUNGALOW"

A Sparkling Comedy by Odessa and Middletown Players

On Monday evening our talented riends from Odessa made a dramatic wo of our own gifted artists gave th two or our own girted artists gave the citizens of Middletown who herring packed the Town Hall, a genuine treat by presenting in a delightful fashion the three act comedy, "Billy's Bungalow" by Elanor M. Crane.

A summer house party of nine, spending a few days at Billy Middle-tree's hyneglowy or Color Island are

could end their marooned miseries!

This desertion left the party in a sac

of amateur cooking are given, whereis Col. Varker volunteers to make the coffee, and Teddy Thurston to scram ble the eggs. The Colonel's Mocha brew after 10 minutes or so boiling, was burnt-leather "aig" product smelt se strong the cook himself had to hold him

nose during the operation!
The choice of Mr. Taylor Barnett at Teddy to make the impossible omele was something of a misfit, for every plainly see from the deft manner in which he broke the hen fruit that he

not know hominy from rice, finds a big lot of it and purposes to boil "a cupful" for each member of the party only four quarts or so! The even would have reproduced the distress of the young wifey's first essay in rice oiling, wherein the pesky white grain swelled and overflowed, and swelled and overflowed till the distressed dar-ling had half the empty pots and ket-tles in her kitchen filled with the stuff,

nd more still a coming! Miss Cauldwell side stepped her share by declaring she didn't even know how to "broil tea"—a witty variant of the jest about the green young cook who couldn't "boil water without scorching

The "fresh" collegian, Gordon Midip to stock a restaurant, and the 'bloody Hinglishman, Hon. Francis

Fairweather Spaulding, volunteered to nilk the 'cream cow', and got kicked nto a cocked hat for his pains! The entire cast was well sustained and each character acted with a life and naturalness that drew no end of appr ciative applause and merriment fro

miss freien Brady as ner custom is played with matronly dignity the role of Peggy Middleton, Billy's wife. Miss Rebecca Watkins as Kitty Campbell, the "bud", and Miss Frances Watkins as Dorothy French, acted the amusing love scenes. the flirting, the pouting and the tears, so to the life one might have that they had had some experience. have thot they had had some experience therein! Mrs. William Davis, as Miss Cauldwell, did the sentimental ''old maid'' to perfection, her angling for the

olonel being clever enough.

The two roles that lent themselve of the Hon. Francis Fairweather Spaulding an English exquisite, and Colonel George Varker, from Washington. Mr. Alexander P. Corbit in the first, and Mr. William Rose in the last, sustain ed thise roles to the full, while Mr. William Keegan made the most of his as Billy Middleton the Bungalow host, and Messrs. Taylor Barnett as Theodore Thurston, and Edward McIntire a

Gordon Middleton, did no less with Take it altogether the thing was we done, and will no doubt equally please the Chesapeake City public where they appear on February 1st for the benefit of the Episcopal Church, and the Odess folks who will will

home on the 3d of February.

The affair, which was under the charge of the Junior Auxiliary of St. Anne's Episcopal church netted their missionary treasury \$167.75 to the grea delight of their worthy rector Re

L. Donaghay.

It would be a graceful act of praise worthy benevolence for these sprightly comedians to repeat their enjoyable performance here or, at Smyrna for the benefit of the hapless starving

Getting Ready to Move

The Globe Clothing Store preparatory to its flitting February 15th, to its new quarters in the Town Hall, has dismantled one side, and will until the

mantied one side, and will until the final moving, welcome its customers in the east half of the store.

Though thus proceeding 'under one boiler,' Mr. Rosenberg declares he can successfully navigate his commencial with the three commencial with the three commencial was a successfully navigate. mercial ship to the entire satisfaction

SALES TO TAKE PLACE

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY, 3d 1915.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 4th, 1915. -Public sale of s ock, farm implements &c., by Henry Austin, on the road from Pine Tree Corner, to Taylor's Bridge D. P. Hutchison, auc

sale of stock farming implements etc. by Herman H. Staats on the R. Y. Wallen farm on the road from Green spring to Dexter corner. D. P. Hutchi-MONDAY, FEBRUARY 8th, 1915. - Publ

nale of stock, farming implements, &c., by Rorbert D. Ratledge, on the road from Warwick, Md., to Townsend. D. P. Hutchison, auctioneer lic sale of stock, farming implements &c., by Mrs. Laura Truax, on th "Roberts farm," on the Levels. D

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 10th, 1915-Public Sale of Stock, Farming Implements, etc., by C. E. Pool, near McDonough, Del. D. P. Hutchison, Auc.

THURSDAY FEBRUARY 11th—Public sale of stock and farming implements, by A. Bredemier, on the road from Middletown to Mt. Pleasant. Tuesday, February 16, 1915. - Publi ale of stock, farming implements, etc. by Thomas Lattonius, on the far known as the S. R. Warren Farmiles west of Townsend, Del. D. Hutchison, Auctioneer.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 25th, 1915.— Public sale of cattle and hogs by J. F. Fox on the Long Island farm on the road from Odessa to Silver Run. D. P. Hutchison, Auctioneer.

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 23d, 1915.— Public Sale of stock, farming implements, etc., by L. E. Druley, on the Droll farm, near the Brick Mill. JOSEPH FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 12th, 1915. - Publi sale of stock, farming implement, &c. by Harvey Jewell, on Bohemia Manoi Md., on the road leading from Murphy' mill, to Back Creek. Eugene Racine

MONDAY, FEBRUARY, 15th, 1915.— Public sale of stock, farming imple-nents, &c., by Urie P. Ginn, on the "George Houston farm," 2 1-2 miles from Mt. Pleasant. D. P. Hutchiso

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 17th, 1915. Public sale of stock, farm implement &c., by Harry Isaac, near Mt. Pleasan D. P. Hutchison, auc.

FRIDAY, February 19th, 19th, 19th. 19th. Public sale of stock, farm implements &c., by Thomas Maloney, on 'Bigg Farm,' 2 1-2 miles south of Glasyon on the State roac. Eugene Racine, auc

The best steak, roasts, lamb and vea Wagons and Dearborns for sale WANTED-BALED HAY AND TRAW, S. B. FOARD. TRAW,
FRESH and SALT FISH at my stor with all times.
W. C. JONES.

LOCAL NEWS

Wagons and Dearborns for sale. Dr. Warren S. P. Combs Dentist successor to the late Dr. J. C. Stites. Better lay in all the feed you ar

HIDES WANTED—The highest cash rices paid for horse and cow hides.

W. C. JONES. FOR SALE CHEAP. - Oak hall-sta

HIGH GRADE LEHIGH pea, nut tove and egg coal always on hand and JNDER COVER. BEST GRADE GEORGES CREEK soft coal JESSE L. SHEPHERD.

FOR SALE-Almost new Steven puble barrel 12 G. hammerless gu imed Letters-The followi of Letters remaining unclaimed in the Post Office, for week ending Jan. 21st: Mrs. M. R. Gorey, Miss Bessie York, J. V. Wright, Jonah Redden, N. P.

now in season. We offer Run Kiln, Pulverized, Hydrated and Ground Lime-Highest Carbonate. Lowest

Removal Notice

I wish to inform my patrons and riends that I have moved my feed and xchange store from the Opera House uilding to one of the rooms recently friends that I have m building to one of the rooms recently vacated by S. M. Rosenberg, on Main

Fogel & Burstan contest ends January 30th.—All coupons must be in February 10th.—Treasurer Crossland will count coupons, and announce winners in Middletown Transcript, Saturday, February 13th.

FARMERS PAYROLL

Wants no "Deadheads" on List of **Employes**

CALL TO PREVENT USELESS TAX

The farmer is the paymaster of industry and as such he must meet the nation's payroll. When industry pays its bill it must make a sight draft upon agriculture for the amount, which the farmer is compelled to honor without protest. This check drawn upon agriculture may travel to and fro over the highways of commerce; may build cities; girdle the globe with bands of steel; may search aidden treasures in the earth or raverse the skies, but in the end it

s certain to seek the earth's surface s an apple that falls from a tree. When a farmer buys a plow he pays the man who mined the metal, the woodman who felled the tree, the anufacturer who assembled the raw material and shaped it into an article of usefulness, the railroad that transported it and the dealer who sold him the goods. He pays the wages of labor and capital employed in the transaction as well as pays for the tools, machinery, buildings, etc., used in the construction of the commodity and the same applies to call articles of use and diet of himself and those engaged in the subsidiary lines of industry.

There is no payroll in civilization that does not rest upon the back

hat does not rest upon the back f the farmer. He must pay the bills

all of them.

The total value of the nation's The total value of the nation's annual agricultural products is around \$12,000,000,000, and it is safe to estimate that 95 cents on every dollar goes to meeting the expenses of substidiary industries. The farmer does not work more than thirty minutes per day for himself; the remaining thirteen hours of the day's toil he devotes to meeting the payroll of the hired hands of agriculture, such as the manufacturer, railroad, commercial and other servants.

The Farmer's Payroll and How He

The annual payroll of agriculture approximates \$12,000,000,000. A portion of the amount is shifted to foreign countries in exports, but the total payroll of industries working for the farmer divides substantially as follows: Railroads, \$1,252,000,000; manufacturers, \$4,365,000,000; mining, \$655,000,000; banks, \$200,000,000; mercantile \$3,500,000,000, and a heavy miscellaneous payroll constitutes the remainder.

It takes the corn crop, the most valuable in agriculture, which sold last year for \$1,692,000,000, to pay off the employes of the railroads; the money derived from our annual sales of livestock of approximately \$2,000,000,000, the yearly cotton crop, valued at \$920,000,000; the wheat crop, which is worth \$610,000,000, and the oat crop, that is worth \$440,000,000, are required to meet the annual payroll of the manufacturers. The money derived from the remaining staple crops is used in meeting the payroll of the bankers, merchants, etc. After these obligations are paid, the farmer has only a few bunches of vegetables, some fruit and poultry which he can sail and cell the prevegetables, some fruit and poultry which he can sell and call the pro

ceeds his own. When the farmer pays off his help he has very little left and to meet these tremendous payrolls he has

dustrial employes.

We will devote this article to a discussion of unnecessary expenses and whether required by law or permitted by the managements of the concerns, is wholly immaterial. We want all waste labor and extravagance, of whatever character, cut out. We will mention the full crew bill as

fllustrating the character of unneces sary expenses to which we refer.

Union Opposes "Full Crew" Bill.

The Texas Farmers' Union registered its opposition to this character of legislation at the last annual meeting held in Fort Worth, Tex., August 4, 1914, by resolution, which we quote, as follows: "The matter of prime importance to the farmers of this state is an adequate and efficient marketing system; and we recognize that such a system is impossible without adequate rail road facilities, embracing the greatest amount of service at the least possible cost. We further recognize that the farmers and producers in the end pay approximately 95 per cent of the expenses of operating the railroads, and it is therefore to the interest of the producers that the expenses of the producers that the expenses of the common carriers be as small as vice and safety. We, therefore, call upon our law-makers, courts and juries to bear the foregoing facts in mind when dealing with the common carriers of this state, and we do especially reaffirm the declarations of the last annual convention of our State Union, opposing the passage of the so-called 'full-crew' bill before the thirty-third legislature of Texas."

The farmers of Missouri in the last election, by an overwhelming ma[CONTINUED ON EIGHTH PAGE]

NAVAL BATTLE

Damage Two Others

Their Own Mine Field, Which British Ships Dare

Not Enter.

cruiser Bleucher was sunk and two German battle cruisers were seriously

Bluecher a Fine Ship.

MANNING VOIDS BLEASE ORDER.

Governor's Action, It is Thought, Re

stores Militia.

columbia, S. C.—Gevernor Mannin, issued an order here declaring "voic and of no effect" the action of Governor Blease in disbanding the Soutl Carolina National Guard shortly befor he retired. Adjutant-General Moor said he believed the order automatic ally restored the troops to their forme status, and that a reorganization would be unnecessary.

COURTHOUSE DYNAMITED.

GIVES EXCUSE FOR SEIZURE

Effect of German Order Confiscating All Grains.

WILL JUSTIFY THE BRITISH

Cargo Sent To Private Parties In Germany On American Steamer Wilhelmina Not Likely To Reach

Washington, D. C.—The order of the Federal Council of Germany for the seizure of all stocks of corn, wheat and flour by February 1, is construed by some of the officials here as likely to deprive the owners of the cargo of the American steamship Wilhelmina of the right they claim to land their food supplies in Germany. The basis of their claim was the declaration that the grain was not intended for the German Army or the German government, but for non-combatant individuals, and therefore not subject to selzure according to the terms of the Hague convention.

Count von Bernstorff, the German ambassador, however, notified the State Department that this government had given official assurance that no foodstuffs shipped from the United States to Germany would be seized for millitary or any other governmental use.

New York.—W. T. Brooking, of St. Louis, salled for Rotterdam on the steamer Potsdam, intending to proceed thence to Hamburg and there meet the American steamer Wilhelmina, which cleared from this port for Hamburg January 22, with a cargo of foodstuffs. Mr. Brooking will supervise the distribution of the Wilselmina's cargo, should the vessel not be diverted by warships of the Allies. "I feel certain that the Wilhelmina will be permitted to go to Hamburg without being molested," Mr. Brooking said. "The foodstuffs she has aboard are intended for non-combatants in Germany and will be sold to retailers and consumers direct. As

retailers and consumers direct. As soon as the Wilhelmina docks I will have her cargo put in a storehouse and

The Wilhelmina is the first food carrying vessel flying the American flag to leave an American port for Germany since the beginning of the

SUFFRAGE BILL PASSES

West Virginia Legislature Votes To Submit Amendment.

Submit Amendment.

Charleston, W. Va.—The Legislature voted to submit to the people at the next election an amendment to the Constitution providing for woman suffrage. There was one vote in the Senate and six in the House of Delegates against the resolution.

Any opposition to the measure crumbled away in the face of the onslaughts of suffragists, who crowded the galleries and floors of both House and Senate and who, in their second attempt to secure the submission of the equal suffrage amendment, achieved an almost unanimous victory. Senator Steed, in the Senate, and Delegates Board, Currey, Harman, of McDowell; Kittle, of Barbour; Monroe, of Hampshire, and Davisson and Rinehart, of Harrison, in the House, alone voted against the joint resolution.

MORATORIUM EXTENDS TO U. S. Americans May Take Advantage Of

It, Court Rules. New York.—Supreme Court Justice Erlanger decided that American citi-zens who had incurred debts in Euzens who had incurred debts in Eu-ropean countries where moratoriums were declared after the war began may take advantage of the mora torium. Michael Goldmuntz, a dia mond merchant of this city, sued Samuel Spitzel & Co. to recover on a bill of exchange given in Antwerp, where both parties have places of business. The defendant pleaded that the moratorium declared in Belgium gave him the privilege of delaying pay-

GARY RAIL MILL TO REOPEN. Working Force Of Plan To Be in creased By 1,500 Men.

creased By 1,500 Men.

Gary, Ind.—The Gary rail mill, closed for three months, is to be opened on February 8 and other departments of the illinois Steel Company plant will take on more men within a few weeks, according to an announcement made here by the company. The present working force of 3,000 will be increased by 1,500 men.

VET ON OFFENSIVE IN CAUCASUS General Staff Of Russian Army Issues

Petrograd.-The general staff of the

army in the Caucasus man following communication:
"Our offensive in the region of dashite an stinate defensive on the part of the

'In the region of Olti so fighting occurred with Turkish detach-

A Russian woman is leading an expedition which has started to cross Arabia at its widest part and which will try to penetrate land never before explored.

A Canadian soap factory, costing \$300,000, is to be erected in Hamilton, Ontario, by a Cincinnad firm for supplying its trade in the Dominion.

German child labor laws define chil dren as boys and girls less than 13
years of age and those older who still
attend school.

HUMAN VOICE SENT 4,400 MILES

Talking Over the Telephone From Sea to Sea.

PRESIDENT WILSON ON WIRE

He Also Converses With Thomas A Watson In California and Alexander Graham Bell, Inventor Of the Telephone, In New York.

ander Graham Bell, Inventor Of
the Telephone, in New York.

Washington, D. C.—President Wilson Monday inaugurated the first
transcontinental telephone system by
speaking directly to President Moore,
of the Panama-Pacific Exposition, in
San Fraucisco. With Mr. Moore,
alexander Graham Bell, the inventor
of the telephone, and President Vali,
of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company, on the wire at different points, the President extended
congratulations on the achievement.

"It appeals to the imagination to
speak across the continent," said the
President to Mr. Moore. "It is a finething for the exposition that the first
thing it has done is to send its voice
over from sea to sea. I congratulate
you on the fine prospects for a successful exposition. I am confidently
hoping to take part in it after the adjournment of Congress. May I not
send my greetings to the management
and to all whose work has made it
possible and make it the great event
it promises to be, and convey my personal congratulations to you?"

With Dr. Bell listening in on the
line at New York, the President then
spoke to Thomas A. Watson, in San
Francisco. Mr. Watson was Dr. Bell's
electrician at the time of the invention of the telephone, and was the first
person to hear a word spoken over a
telephone.

"I consider it an honor," said the
President, "to be able to express my
admiration for the inventive genius
and scientific knowledge that has
made this possible, and my pride that
this vital cord should have been
stretched across America as a new
symbol of our unity and our enterprise. Will you not convey my cordial congratulations to Dr. Bell, and
i want to convey to you my personal
congratulations, sir."

With Mr. Vall listening in on the
line at Jekyll Island, the President

With Mr. Vail listening in on the line at Jekyll Island, the President then spoke to Dr. Bell: "May I not congratulate you very

warmly on this notable consumma-tion of your long labors and remarkable achievements?" said the President. "You are justified in feeling a great pride in what has been done This is a memorable day and I convey to you my warm congratulations."

The President said that he could hear Mr. Moore in San Francisco very distinctly.

"NEVER AGAIN"-NOYES.

Watchword Of the Allies, Declared Poet, Who Arrives In New York.

New York .- Alfred Noyes, English poet and peace advocate, and visiting professor of English at Princeton, reached here aboard the Lusitania. "The watchword of even the mos

"The watchword of even the most pronounced militarists among the Allies," said Mr. Noyes, "is never again. When the settlement finally comes there will certainly be a grim attempt to establish some sort of collective responsibility among nations so that treaties cannot again be torn up with impunity. The whole thing reduces itself to whether we are going to have international wars in the future.

"A system of international police is rather a distant idea, but I don't see why the principle of international al-liances cannot be worked out."

WIPES OUT HIS FAMILY.

Man Kills Wife, Three Children and

Butler, Pa.—H. H. Woods, a telegraph operator, of Harmony Junction, Butler county, shot and killed his wife and their three children and then committed suicide.

and their three children and then committed suicide.

All the victims were shot in the forehead, and death in each case is believed to have been instantaneous. The bodies were found by E. L. Hilderbrand, who resides on the first floor, and who investigated when Woods and his wife failed to attend church. Hilderbrand says he heard some noises on the second floor, occupied by Woods, but paid no attention to it. Woods, 38, was employed by the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company. His victims were his wife, Alice, 32, and three daughters, Fay, 15; Rosemary, 6 and Marjorie, 2.

JAPS MAY KEEP KIAUCHAU.

Lease To Germans Takes It Out Of China's Realm.

New York .-- Dr. Teyokichi Iyenaga Chicago and Columbia Universitie declared in an address before the Japan Society here that the retention of Kiauchau by Japan would not be a violation of Chinese integrity inas-much as Kiauchau had been leased to Germany for 99 years and was, there-fore, not a part of China.

WOULD HAVE CUBA PAY U. S.

House Bill Suggests Reimbursement For Pacification.

Washington D. C.—In the Diplomatic Appropriation bill, carrying approximately \$4,000,000, as perfected by the House Foreign Affairs Committee, cuararder is contained a provision requesting the President "to take such steps as may be necessary to have the republic of Cuba reimburse the United States to Ithe extent of \$6,509,511" for the extent of \$6,509,511" for th

NEVER TOO OLD TO LEARN



DEGLARES BRYAN

Secretary of State Contradicts British Sink One Cruiser and Complaints.

OUR MARKETS OPEN TO ALL RAID ON THE ENGLISH COAST

Letter To Senator Stone Shows Ger. Big German War Vessel's Escape Into many Formally Announced It Did Not Expect Embargo.

Washington, D. C .- Secretary of State Bryan made public the text of a 0,000-word letter written by him to Chairman William J. Stone, of the Senate Committee on Foreign Relaions, defending the Administration tions, defending the Administration against the charge of having shown partiality toward Great Britain and her allies in the present European war. The letter, inspired by one from Senator Stone setting forth numerous Senator Stone setting forth numerous complaints and charges relative to the tatitude of this Government, was prepared under the direction of President Wilson, under 19 separate headings, corresponding to Senator Stone's companying the big German ships, but ships of the various charges, to which Secretary Bryan makes caterarcal accesses. gorical answers.

Answers Charge Of Partiality.

In the concluding paragraph of the communication he thus replies to charges that the Administration's course has favored England and her Allies, to the furt of German and Austria-Hungary.

charges that the Administration's course has favored England and her Allies, to the hurt of German and Austria-Hungary:

"If any American citizens, partisans of Germany and Austria-Hungary, feet that this Administration is acting in a way injurious to the cause of those countries, this feeling results from the fact that on the high seas the German and Austro-Hungarian naval power is thus far inferior to the British. It is the business of a belligerent operating on the high seas, not the duty of a neutral, to prevent contraband from reaching an enemy.

"Those in this country who sympathize with Germany and Austria-Hungary appear to assume that some obligation rests upon this Government, in the performance of its neutral duty, to prevent all trade in contraband and thus to equalize the difference due to the relative naval strength of the belligerents. No such obligation exists; it would be an un-neutral act, an act of partiality on the part of this Government, to adopt such a policy if the Executive had the power to do so. If Germany and Austria-Hungary cannot import contraband from this country it is not, because of that fact, the duty of the United States to close its markets to the Allies. The markets of this country are open upon equal terms to all the world, to every nation, belligerent or neutral."

Bluecher a Fine Ship.

The Bluecher as fine ship on displacement, and, although commissioned in 1908, was completely remake as battle cruiser, but was in the next class to those formidable fighters.

The Bluecher as fine, and, although commissioned in 1908, was completely remakes battle cruiser, but was in the next class to those formidable fighters.

The Bluecher as fine, as battle cruiser, but was in the next class to those formidable

257 OFFICERS IN 13 DAYS.

Casualty List Published in Englan

Shows That Loss in Flanders.
London.—There has been given out in London an officer's casualty list covering the period between December 30 and January 12, which shows that the British army in France in these 13 days lost a total of 257 men. Of these 92 were killed and 133 wounded. Thirty-two were reported missing.
Added to the previous totals the records of the last fortnight give officers killed, 1,266; wounded, 2,416, and missing, 662, or a total casualty list in officers since the beginning of the war of 4,344 men.

BIG GUN TO GUARD CANAL.

Shell 21 Miles.

Boston.—The army's biggest gun, cently finished at the Wateryliet senal, for the defense of the Panama

MORE BIG GUNS SHIPPED.

Liner Carries Two 16-Inch Ones Out Building Destroyed On Second Visit Of New York Harbor.

New York Harbor.

New York.—Two 16-inch guns, 53
feet long, and wc'giling nearly 75 tons
upiece, were lashed to the deck of the
Cunarder Transylvania when she
sailed from here for Liverpool. Beaind the guns was placed a turret for
a battleship, giving the liner a warjike appearance. The guns were made
by the Bathle.em Steel Corporation ture. The explosion shook the town and broke a number of windows. Nobody was injured. A previous attempt to destroy the building, a two-story brick one, was made in December, 1913, when dynamite was exploded in consigned to a shipbuilding

FOUR DEAD, NINE HURT IN BLOWUP

U. S. Cruiser San Diego Was Making Power Trials

LOW WATER WAS THE CAUSE

lessel is Flagship Of Pacific Fleet Accident Occurs During Short Steaming Trial; Wounded Landed At Guayamas.

On Board U. S. S. San Diego, La Paz. Mexico.—Four men were killed and nine seriously injured on board the ar-mored cruiser San Diego when a boiler tube blew out after a steaming trial of four hours had been completed.

Landed At Guayamas. Landed At Guayamas.
Immediately after the accident the
cruiser left for Guayamas.
The San Diego is the flagship of the
Pacific fleet, and is in command of
Capt. Ashley H. Robertson.

Washington, D. C.—A brief official report to the Navy Department on the explosion aboard the cruiser San Diego added no details to the news dispatches except to say that some of the nine injured were in a grave condition and others were not so badly hurt. The next of kin of the dead were notified at once by the Department.

Rear Admiral's Report

Rear Admiral's Heport.
Rear Admiral Howard's report gave
this account of the accident:
"The San Diego completed her fourhour-full-power trials and made 21.45.
Just at the completion of the trials a
tube in No. 4 boiler ruptzred, due to
low water. No endurance runs were
attempted. A full investigation has
been ordered." London.—An attempt by a German cruiser squadron to repeat the attack recently made on Scarborough, the Hartlepools and other British coast towns was frustrated Sunday by the British patrolling squadron, and in a running fight the German armored cruiser Blencher was sunk and two

U. S. TO HAVE ZEPPELIN

Is To Ask For Bids On Construction and For Aeroplanes.

Washington, D. C.—The Navy Department within several days will advertise for bids for the construction of a Zeppelin model airship and for a number of new type aeroplanes. All the new aircraft, including the Zeptens of the department of the terminal of the constructed in the damaged.

The British ships suffered only slight injury. So far as is known only 123 of the Bluecher's crew of 885 were the new aircraft, including the Legislater pelin, are to be constructed in the United States. The navy has wished for some time to obtain a Zeppelin, but there were no dirigible manufacturers in the United States and no one willing to undertake the experiment of The British were superior in ships engaged, weight of armament and speed, and the flight of the German ships into the mine and submarine in-fested field possibly saved them from further losses building one. Navy Department offi-cials have finally succeeded in finding several big concerns which have promised to undertake the construc-tion of a Zeppelin type if their bid is successful.

PEACE DAY JULY 4.

Women At 'Frisco Exposition Wil Proclaim Against War.

San Francisco.-Independence Day San Francisco.—Independence Jwill be Peace Day at the Panama-Pa-cific International Exposition. This announcement was made here by Mrs. May Wright Sewell, honorary president of the International Conference of Women, the organization under whose ence will convene at the exposition grounds for a four-day session. "Mak this the last war," is the sloga adopted by Mrs. Sewell's advisor board, and to that end delegates froi all parts of the world will assemb July 4.

BRITISH SHIP BLOWN UP.

Germans Torpedo Merchantman North Sea; Crew Escapes.

North Sea; Crew Escapes.
London.—The British steamer Durward, says a Rotterdam dispatch, has been torpedoed by a German submarine. The crew was saved. The Durward was bound from Leith to Rotterdam and was struck by the torpedo while 22 miles off the Maas Lightship. The crew took to the boats and reached the lightship, from which a Dutch pilot boat conveyed them to Rotterdam.

stroyed By Austrian Shell.

Berlin (by wireless to London).—It
is officially announced here that the
Russian railway station near Chenciny
(about 10 miles southwest of Kielce,
Southern Poland), which the Austrians
destroyed by a single heavy shell, was
filled with Russian troops at the time,
all of whom were killed. dam.

A Hague dispatch says it is reported there that the Durward had on board 40 tons of provisions belonging to the American Relief Commission when she was sunk.

GERMANY WARNS ROUMANIA.

Mobilization Orders Considered "Hos

London.—The Paris Temps prints the following from Petrograd: "Ger-many, in a note to Roumania. declares that the measures undertaken by the latter country, which are tantamount to mobilization orders, and its en-couragement of a revolutionary propo-ganda in Transylvania, are hostile acts."

CONSIDER \$3,000,000,000 LOAN.

In Conference.

Paris.—A conference was held in Paris by the British Chancellor of the Exchequer, David Lloyd-George, and Alexandre Ribot and P. Bark, the French and Russian Ministers of Finance. It is said that the meeting was awanged to consider a joint loan of 15,000,000,000 francs (\$3,000,000,000), to bear interest of 3½ per cent.

WOMEN SUPPLANT MEN

Soprano "Hellos" Now In City Offices At Washington.

Washington, D. C.—Soprano 'hellos''
will supplant bass in all city offices,
the Commisioners having ousted all
men at the private telephone switch
boards and appointed women opera-Irvine, Ky.—A charge of dynamite xploded under the Estill County tourthouse here, destroying the structure. The explosion shook the town

brick one, was made in December, 1913, when dynamite was exploded in the corridor, causing slight damage.

The authorities have no clue.

To keep up with the match consumption of the earth, the services of 60,000 work people are constantly required.

MARYLAND NEWS IN SHORT ORDER

The Latest Gleanings From All Over the State.

Forty persons were converted at the evival in St. Paul's United Brethren Church, Hagerstown.

Prof. Martin Ten Hoor, of Washin on College, Chestertown, has resigned a account of ill health.

The new Harford county commissioners have elected A. H. Wilson president and W. A. Wheeler clerk.

The Somerset county school board has given Miss Hilda Parks, of Chance, a scholarship at St. Mary's Seminary.

The seventy-fifth anniversary of the founding of the Clearspring Odd Fellows' Lodge was observed with a banquet. The Hancock Fruit Evaporating plant has closed down for the winter. During the season 40,000 bushels of apples were evaporated.

It is estimated that between 900 and 1,000 children of school age are not attending any school in Washington

county A board of trade of about 100 mem bers has been organized at East Newmarket, with Charles Webster president.

In a case being tried at Frederick the heirs of Mrs. Katherine Bentz, who left a \$25,000 estate, are trying to break her will.

Theodore Marburg, former minister to Belgium, delivered an address to the students at Tome Institute, Port

Former President of the County Commissioners John F. Pearce, of Colora, has announced his candidacy for sheriff of Cecil county at the com-ing Democratic primaries.

Major E. Y. Goldsborough, a well-known member of the local bar and a Union veteran of the Civil War, died at his home in Frederick, after a lingering illness.

The Elkton Improvement Association has appointed a committee to request the town council to pass an ordinance giving the health authorities the right to placard any house in that town where there is any contagious disease.

The Postofice at Kensington has been raised to the Presidential class and the salary fixed at \$1,000 a year, with an allowance for clerk hire, rent. fuel and other expenses. Mrs. Alice Exley, who has been postmistress for several years, will continue in charge. Sheriff Potee, of Anne Arundel county, issued a statement severely criticising Governor Goldsborough and Marshal Carter for the course taken by them, in the matter of the recent raid of the Patuxent Rod and Gun

Mrs. Daniel B. Prettyman, of Tayfors Island, died after several weeks' illness. She was the last surviving child of the late Judge Levi D. Travers, a well-known and wealthy citizen of Dorchester. Her husband, who is local assessor for Dorchester, and a son (Levi D. Prettyman) survive her.

The large double-deck barn on the Laureldale Farm, near Barksdale, three miles from Elkton, owned and tenanted by Warren J. Haines, was destroyed by fire. In addition to the barn all this year's crops and farming machinery, wagons and carriages were consumed. The live stock was saved. The loss will reach \$10,000.

Miss Cora Rice, the 14-year-old daughter of George Rice, received burns at her home in Mount Savage, which proved fatal. Miss Rice was sweeping the kitchen when her dress came in contact with the kitchen stove and in an instant she was enveloped in flames. Her screams attracted her mother and sister who were upstairs and they ran down and wrapped her in a bianket, carried her out and rolled her in the snow. In attempting to save her sister, Mrs. Burns was burned about the arms.

The following Harford county farms have recently changed hands: Stephen J. Seneca, of Havre de Grace, has purchased the 115-acre Ambrose Cooley chased the 115-acre Ambrose Cooley farm and three-eights interest in 49 additional acres belonging to the estate near Lapidum, for \$9,000; W. T. Balley, of West Virginia, has pur-chased the 245-acre Trout farm near the Rocks for \$10,500; James M. Caswell, of Virginia, has purchased the 210-acre August Martin farm near Fallston for \$24,500, and Mrs. Cassell's son has purchased the W. O. Amoss farm, nearby, for \$5,500.

At the annual meeting of the stocknolders of the Hagerstown, Greencastle and Mercersburg Electric Railway Company of Maryland in Hagerstown, the following officers were elected: President, J. M. Schuster, of Hagerstown; vice-jresident, J. Stewart
Miller, of Hagerstown; secretary,
Frederick C. Simons, of New York,
treasurer, William J. Patton, of Greencastle, Pa. This company is a subsidiary of the Hagerstown, Greencastle and Mercersburg Railway Company
of Pennsylvania, which is arranging roiley line from Hagerstov

DOINGS AT THE STATE CAPITAL

BAY STEAMER BURNS.

All Of the Passengers Escaped From the Burning Vessel.

All Of the Passengers Escaped From the Burning Vessel.

Seventy-six passengers and the 34 men comprising the crew of the steamer Maryland were saved from that vessel when it burned to the water's edge off the mouth of the Magothy river.

That some of the passengers may have lost their lives was at first feared because some jumped into the water to escape from the burning boat.

Officials of the B., C. and A. Line, to which the boat belonged, are confident no lives were lost.

The story of the rescue of the passengers and crew in the darkness of early morning, their landing on the practically uninhabited shore of Anne Arundel county, near Mountain Point, their efforts to prevent freezing by building big bondres and their subsequent taking off by ships of the Checaleake Line, which brought them to Baltimore, is full of thrills.

The grave danger in which every man, woman and child on the vessel found themselves when aroused to their peril was minimized by the admirable conduct of the officers and crew of the doomed ship, who managed the rescue work with a display of composure and consideration for the passengers' safety that very nearly spells heroism.

GRAND JURY MAY TAKE ACTION

Escape Of Poolroom Witnesses Has Stirred Annapolis.

Although the furore incident to the raid made on the Paturent Rod and Gun Club at Meyers Station by Marshal Carter and a force of 50 officers of the Baltimore city police force is gradually abating, much unfavorable comment is still heard in Annapolis as to how a score of the 148 men, gathered in could have made good their escape from Sheriff Potee and his assistants, states a dispatch from Annapolis.

Following the suggestion made in the public declaration of Governor Goldsborough, reports were current in Annapolis that Judge Brashears would recall the October grand jury to conduct a rigid investigation, but no action along this line has as yet been taken.

TO AID POTATO GROWING.

Frostburg Bank Offers Prizes For Best Seed Raised.

Frostburg Bank Offers Prizes For Best
Seed Raised.

Farmers of Allegany and Garrett
counties are greatly interested in the
seed potato campaign, started recently
in Frostburg after officials of the State
Agricultural Department had announced that this section of Maryland
can grow better seed potatoes than
Maine and other Northern States. To
stimulate further interest in seed potato growing in these counties the
Citizens' National Bank of Frostburg.
Thas arranged for a potato contest to
take place next fall. Prizes of \$25 and
at \$15 for the best and second best pecks
of of Irish cobbler seed potatoes have
been offered, similar prizes for Green
Mountain seed and \$10 and \$5 for the
best and second best pecks of seed
potatoes of any variety.

COLLEGE CREEK BRIDGE OPEN.

COLLEGE CREEK BRIDGE OPEN. Governor Goldsborough First To Cross the New Span.

Annapolis.—Governor Goldsborough had the distinction of being the first person to cross in a vehicle the bridge span of College or Dorsey's Creek, the The Past Masters' Association of Snow 'Hill. Berlin. Pocomoke City, Crisfield and Princess Anne Lodges of Free-Masons has elected L. E. P. Dennis, of Crisfield, president; W. D. Corddry, of Snow Hill, vice-president; H. B. Plichard, of Pocomoke City, second vice-president; W. H. Dillsworth, Berlin, secretary-treasurer. difficulties were encountered, chie among which was the sinking of foun chief dations on the Annapolis end of the span. The bridge was built by the Mc-Lane Construction Company, of Balti-

ITEMS OF INTEREST.

Manchuria's trade is affected very little by the war.

Aberdeen's linen mills are kept busy by war orders.

Canada is finding a wide market abroad for baled hay.

Russia wants automobiles, motor rucks and motor-cycles. Cocoanut water has been found in

Ceylon to be a valuable coagulant of

Cotton seed meal is gaining popularity as cow feed in Canada.

Andalusia's olive crop is a poor one, wing to a recent drought

In Italy there are about two the sand five hundred murders annually, Russia about two thousand four hun-dred and Spain about one thousand six

Development of Morocco has been generally stopped because of the war n Europe.

Prices for footwear are going up England and retailers find difficul in getting stocks. A recent novel sight in Brunswick, Me., was a thrashing machine hauled by a yoke of oxen driven with reins ike horses.

India's jute crop is large, estimated

were going into debt.

The Middletown Transcript

UBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY MORNING

-BY-The Middletown Transcript Co. (INCORPORATED)

GONG DISTANCE 'PHONE NO. 37.

ANOTHER NEEDED CHANGE

AT the outset, we want to distinctly state, in order to have our posiments expressed in what follows are those of the management of The Tranto bind any officer, director or employee of this payer. We say this because we publican county officials is connected, the sentiment as thus expressed might otherwise bo misconstrued. With this explanation as a starter we will proceed to state in plain language that our present system of collecting taxes by salaried collectors is a farce, a sham,

Probably at no other time in the history of this state could such an act have been passed. It was enacted by the last Assembly under the old constitution, when the members were chosen by counties, and was what is known in politics as a "hand picked" body With the Republicans so badly divided that anything marked Democrat was sure of election, the result was the picking by the old Neary-Dickeyring nington of a representation from this county that would obey This salaried tax collector bill was one of the things ordered. Knowing that there was little likelihood of retaining control of this county for were taken into consideration the long, it was decided to take what and people of the city would pay more taxes all they could get. Under the gerrydistricts, they felt sure of being able to that assessment in the city, thus adchoose a majority of the five for at mittedly made on a considerably lower least another term. This meant places for one worker in each hundred at good by men elected as county assessors pay and with small responsibilities. For we state it as a safe proposition, that there is in this county no such sinecure as the Collector of Taxes for having the law given and explained to any one of the Hundreds. And they treat their offices as such. The situation today is that the county of New Castle is handicapped for lack of money not due to false or inefficient methods of estimating and fixing the tax rate but due entirely to the tax collectors who do not collect taxes. The records show that collectors whose terms ha expired nearly two years have not at spite the urging of the Levy Court One of the things about this condition a small thing it is true, but in the ag gregate quite a large thing, is that by public officer given a corporate surety bond for the performance of his duty the expense pf the bond is on th county. There are collectors of this county, whose terms expired in 1913, and for those bonds as such collectors the county is paying \$100 per year premium real things that matter are that the system is wrong. It was conceived in iniquity and born in sin, and the presen Assembly should not adjourn without a change of some character. We cannot see why some such system as works so successfully in other places not be found to fit our conditions. All taxes should be collected within the fiscal year. That is what they are levied for, to run the government dur ing the year in which they are laid. for the next Legislature to act upon, And it is a mistaken kindness to permit a taxable to owe two years or more heard it many, many times; that so and so is unable to pay at this time, let him man or taxable who is unable to pay would be at least two years after that pay two years taxes in the next or some United States does not wait or extend their taxes and tows like Middletown in all laws no matter how skilfull the New Castle County and the City of how careful they may be considered by Wilmington to conduct their business the legislative body that enact them on business basis. Why? Because as and it is only in the actual use of the soon as this story is read, every tax law that its strong and weak points are collector in the county and every politi-, brought out. cal friend whom such collectors car work will proceed to get busy. And the thing great. It has been sufficient in THE Child Labor Commission wh the past to prevent even Democratic Judge

Legislatures from abolishing Republi-

can collectors and vice versa. It has

ng the other. It will be strong enough probably, to beat any proposition in this any which is also opposed to all Child wear and tear of harness, wagons and Legislature for a change. It is strong Labor legislation. ough, surely, to make things un to write it, and it has only been because of the relation which Mr. Fouracre has back the manager nent from expressing its opinion. But, the conditions have come such that they are almost un bearable. The Levy Court passes resoutions demanding that collectors settle duplicates four, five, six, yea more tion plainly understood, that the senti- years in arrears, and collectors practically do nothing. No one realizes this situation more than the Levy Court script, and do not attempt in any way Commissioners, but they are in the system and can do little. The system is wrong. Taxes should be collected know that coming from a Republican promptly. A change can be brought newspaper, with which one of the Re- about only through an aroused public opinion.

THE ASSESSMENT QUESTION

EVERY EVENING was the only one of the Wilmington dailies to com ment on what we had to say about the need for a new assessment system in this state and county. While it approved of the rather vague plan we had suggested, it found fault with the pro position that so far as the city of Wilmington was concerned, the whole of taxes could be settled by making business like arrangement between the county and municipality, whereby the latter through its present or some other system should assess and collect the county taxes on a commission basis. The objection of Every Evening is based on the idea that "real estate in the city is, and has always been, assessed higher for city purposes than for county purposes, and unless this than they have been doing in the past mander of the county into the old five to the county." When it is considered basis, than it should be, has been made paid a large salary for their work, and by the county, taking the same oath of any class of business office that other county assessors take, them, and that law reading "all hood and Childhood of Delaware property, real and personal, subject to thousand times worth the paltry pelf essment, shall be assessed at its true value in money," it would seem the very foundation stones upon which that there must have been in the past a our Commonwealth is builded, and lot of public officials, and at present at shall this Legislature permit covetous least five such officers, liable to the penalties laid down in the Revised Code of the State of Delaware at 1133, Secion 36 of Chapter 44. The penal part of this section reads. "If any assess shall knowingly and wilfully assess any property upon any other principle than its actual value, he shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be fined in any sum not exceeding one hundred dollars." We have been in formed that a bill has been introduce nto the General Assembly providing for a more modern system of assess nent, and is to be followed by one changing the method of collecting taxes, both such bills being admitted framed after the laws of Maryland particularly those laws affecting our neighboring counties Cecil and Kent. It has been evident to observers of con ditions in those counties, that their laws bring about an equitable assessment and close and prompt collection of taxes without working a hardship on anyon whether he lives on a farm or in a town or city. Whether this change should be made at once, or whether the Legis lature should provide for a com to frame such a law and have it ready we are not yet ready to express ou opinion. On the one hand, almost any We know the old cry; we have change would be an improvement, and no change can be made until the 1917 have another month, and so on. No wait till the next Legislature acts it one year's taxes within the year can before the law would be effective. On the other hand, there is the danger of future year without distress. The passing a new law with such short notice even though it may have worked well in the time on the collection of its taxes; other places, and may be closely copied the state of Delaware gets its taxes from the laws there in force. It is promptly, the school districts collect true that some defect will be discovered But it is impossible for lawyer that draws them, and no matter

CHILD LABOR LAW

members are appointed by the ce of the Supreme Court, was created to act as a non-partison Board fortune was the size of his crop been sufficient in the past to hold the Child Labor. A few Democratic poli- charges of the railroad which was paysystem whereby the two parties have a mission as inspector one of their hench- stock at the

division of spoils, the Democrats naming men William J. Gibbons a bitter op ne collector and the Republicans nam- ponent of all Child, Labor reform, and pensioner of a big manufacturing Com

That their purpose in thus putting pleasant for some people connected with the execution of the law in the hands The Transcript as soon as this article is of a man who was opposed to the law, read. We realized this when we started was to hamstring its efficiency, is shown by the fact that in the same year wherein Miss Malone as inspector under held towards this paper that has held the Woman's Labor law at a salary of \$1000, with no traveling expense fund, made 4000 visits a!l over the state, this politician Gibbons for the snug salary of \$1800, plus \$300 for travel expenses

> And when Miss Bissel the chose Chairman of the Commission, told Gib oons his work as inspector was not satisfactory, this employe of the Commis sion-that is what the law calls him insulted her, on one occasion as a lady witness told the writer, snatched paper out her hands and told her she didn't know she was talking about"

The law expressly gave the Comm sion power to discharge "forthwith" any unstisfactory inspector. At last, after enduring Gibbons' insolence and nefficiency for months, six out of eight members of the Commission upon his refusal to resign, remove

Now these Democratic politicians backed up by greedy Big Business eager to exploit inhumanely the Womanhoo and Childhood of our state, have drawn their hireling knives to assussinate bo the Child Labor and the Woman Labo aws, and are buttoaholing this Legis lature to undo the beneficient legisla tion of 1913 which at last placed this laggard state abreast of the 40 other states that have enacted similar and in ome cases more liberal laws govern ing the employment of women an children.

Many business men who opposed the Woman Labor law before its passage now admit the law is wise, and that is has worked no hardship to their busi as to interfere but little with the usual hours required by fair employers of female labor-12 hours being allowed on one day in the week, and the schedule of hours being flexible enough to suit

But suppose i : does a little "interfer with business," are not the Woman they cost! Women and Children are money grubbers or intriguing politicians to tamper with these foundation stones! God forbid! Delaware marching forward-not backward!

Here is a sample of the business hoghishness it does interfere with: in Wilnington where in five different estab lishments, the work bours are 63, 66, 67 76 and 80 hours a week in Wilford, 74 1-2 -before Christmas, 89; in Laurel. 68--before Christmas, 80: in Harrington 75 hours a week; in Rehoboth 84 hours a week, and in one small town in a store and postoffice combined-90 hours in a week of 7 days!

Finally, these dastardly politician are herein seeking to injure and degrad the foremost woman in the state. Miss Emily P. Bissell the author of the Child Labor Law, and who, aside from other eminent services in the field of Philanthropy, as the originator of the now famous "Red Cross Christmas Stamp," which this year real zed al most a \$1,000,000 to fight tho awful White Plague, has confered the highest distinction upon her state not less than imperishable honor upon herself.

The Middletown Century Club unan nously endorses these reform laws and ndignantly protests against their repeal or emasculation.

DELAWARE ROADS

GOVERNOR Miller's meaty message contains a number of good suggestions upon the important subject of roads and vehicles.

Today Transportation in all its form e rare ox cart to the express railroad freight, has become as import ant as Production itself.

Not a little of the cost of high living results from the losses caused by defective and costly transportation methods. Thus, in one part of the country consumers were paying \$5_00 a barrel for apples, and, in another part thousands of barrels were rotting on the ground and on the trees because the farmers either could not get them to market or if they could, the freights more than atethe profits up!

We imagine many a farmer here in Delaware recalls how in the flush peach; times the measure of a grower's misto secure certain needed reforms in thanks to the exhorbitant freight City of Wilmington in the hold of the ticians contrived to foist upon the Com- ing 25 to 30 per cent dividends on its

Good roads will save the farmer

much time, money, cost of haulage and stock. Now, experience has shown that in this matter of building improve ed roads, the upkeep is of equal importance with the original building of the road.

The Governor recommends "The pa trol system which has been adopted by most of the New England States, and has reduced the cost of maintenance and prolonged the life of the initial construction. Wider tires would have a beneficial effect upon the roads and materially reduce the cost of their

The present system of locally looking after and patching up the roads, is both ineffective and costly. There should be a good engineer with a practical knowledge of road building aided by a corps of helpers, to superintend and keep in repair all he roads of the County.

"A stitch in time saves nine." is peculiarly true of road oversight and repair. Prompt mending of trivial de tects or breaks prevents serious and often fatal injury to a costly road. By all means stop this old practice of Tom, Dick and Harry ignorantly tinkering our roads

If not as bad as the old graft system of local road making, this local mending of these costly new roads is unscien

The Governor's suggestion of wider ares should have instant acceptance The largest number of vehicles using the roads are carriages, having tires the quarters to one and one eighth inches wide. An increase of but 50 per cent would greatly lessen the cutting which so soon harms the roads. A two inch tire should be the smallest the law permits.

The advantages to the farmer would so far outweigh the slightly increased cost and weight, that one wonders far ners have not long ago demanded this reform that France, the world's pioneer in finest roads has had for almost a

The broad tires last longer and the hauling is at least as easy even on muddy roads, while the damage to these good, expensive roads is much

must have a four inch tire, and greater weights a front tire whose tread is so placed as to give the effect of an eight spend thousands of dollars a mile build ing fine roads and then straightway cut them up with three-quarter inc carriage tires!

As for a law requiring all carriages t carry lights, one would think that the fearfully imperiled carriage drivers would for their own greater protection have long since asked for such a law to protect them from the noiseless flying auto.

Therefore let us have these three roa the roads in the county: 2d wider tires

NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS

Blackbird Hundred!

SATURDAY, JAN. 30th, 1915 From 1 to 3 P. M.

Tax bills can be obtained by making personal application to the Collector, or by sending written communication en-losing stamps.

Section 3—That on all taxes paid be-fore the first day of October there shall be an abatement of five per centum.On all taxes paid before the first day of Decem-ber there shall be an abatement of three

HARRY S WOODKEEPER,

Shoe Reparing

I have purchased a new electric machine for finishing my work, which enables me to turn out all work in the shortest possible time, and the finish is far supperior to hand finished work.

L. FROMKIN

'Kates' old stand, East Main St. MIDDLETOWN DEL

NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS -OF-

St. Georges Hundred

The taxable residents of St. Georges Hundred, and all persons liable to pay tax in said Hundred, are hereby notified that the Taxes for the vear 1914 are now due, and the undersigned Tax Collector for said Hundred, will be at

AT ASPRIL'S SHOPS IN ODESSA EVERY MONDAY AND WEDNESDAY During JAN., 1915, From 7 to 12 A. M.

s. s. carpenter's store, in port pen SATURDAY, JAN. 30th, 1915 From 9 to 11 A. M.

A. G. COX'S OFFICE. MIDDLETOWN SATURDAY, JAN. 30th, 1915 From 2 to 5 o'clock P. M.

EXTRACT FROM THE LAWS OF DELAWARD VERNING THE COLLECTION OF TAXES

AMINDED:

Section 3—Tha > all taxes paid before
the first day of October there shall be an
abatement of five per centum. On all
taxes paid before the first day of December there shall be an abatement of three
per centum. On all taxes paid during the
month of December there shall be no
abatement whavever. And on all taxes
unpaid on the tirst day of January three
shall be added one per centum per
month until the same shall be paid.

GEORGE E. RHODES, Collector of Taxes for St. Georges Hundre

NOTICETO TAXPAYERS

APPOQUINIMINK HUNDRED

The taxable residents of 'Appoquinimink Hundred, and all persons liable to pay tax in said Hundred, are hereby notified that the Taxes for the year 1914 are now due, and the undersigned Tax Collector for said Hundred, will be

IN TOWNSEND, DEL., EVERY MONDAY. During JAN., 1915, From 2 to 5 o'clock, P. M.

Tax bills can be obtained by making personal application to the Collector, or by sending written communication en-closing stamps.

EXTRACT FROM THE LAWS OF DELAWARE, OVERNING THE COLLECTION OF TAXES OF EW CASTLE COUNTY, SECTION 3, CHAPTER 0, VOLUME 21, LAWS OF DELAWARE, AS

AMENDED:
Section 3—That on all taxes paid before
the first day of October there shall be an
abatement of five per centum. On all
taxes paid before the first day of December there shall be an abatement of three
per centum. On all taxes paid during the
month of December there shall be no
abatement whatever. And on all taxes
unpaid on the first day of January there
shall be added one per centum per month
Intil the same Shall be paid.

HARNESS

Anyone needing Harness would do well to examine would do well to examine
my line before buying else—
where. A full line on hand
at all times. Also ollars,
Blankets, Robes, Brushes,
Whips, Fodder Yarn, Bandages, Toe Weights and
Roots etc.

Repairing promptly done. Satisfuction guaranteed.

J. E. Denny W. Main St.

W. J. WILSON Middletown, Del.

A Heart to Heart Talk With the Store when Quality Counts

There are very few housewives who spend a dollar that dous not wan: a dollars worth for every dollar spent. We not only guarantee to give you a dollars worth with every dollar spent with us, but we guarantee also to give a dollars dollar spent with us, but we guarantee also to give a worth of quality which means much to every buyer of fresh

worth of quality which means much to every buyer of fresh or sait meats.

I do not hesitate to say that we are carying one of the best lines of meats ever carried in Middletown. How can I prove this to you? Simply by giving us your order and we will prove beyond a doubt that our statement is true. If you have not purchased anything from us personaly ask your friends who have and get the answer. We quote good first class city dressed meats at the following low prices.

Best Sirloin Steak 22c, best Rump Steak 22c, best Round Steak 18c, best Roast Steak 18c, other Roast 12c and 15c, best Veal Chops 20c, Breast of Veal 15c, Pork Chops 18c and 20c, best Hams 18c, best Shoulders 16c, Sausage in cassings 20c, Susage loose 18c, Scrapple 10c or 3 lbs for 25c, Mackerel 15c Cheese 22c Butter 36c and 42c, Salt Side Meat 16c and 18c, Chickens alive 16c Chickens dressed 18c, Turkeys dressed 25c, Guines per pair 75c.

All meats put up in first class condition by a man of experience. Stop in at your convienceance or phone us and let us get acquainted with you.

Phone No. 86. J. E. LEWIS

JOS. R. HELDMYER Cash Store

Housewives will be interested to learn of the recent fall in the prices of all Fresh Meats, and I take great pleasure in quoting the following new prices to my patrons and the trade on both City and Home-dressed Meats.

GROCERIES

Salt and Fresh Meats, especially a fine lot of home and city dressed meat at reduced price.

English Walnuts, 22c, Paper Shell Almonds 34c, Filberts 23c, Pecans 25c, Butter Nuts 16c. The best and sweetest Oranges 15c dozen. Full line of the best Christmas Candies.

Vegetables, Foreign and Domestic Fruit in Season

Save your Tickets, get 2 per cent. off.

STORE, BROAD & MAIN STREET PHONE NO. 223 MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

A COLONIAL DAME



or a lady of fashion in our day deserves to be surrounded by furniture fashioned in elegance and good taste. It costs no more to make a careful inspection of the extensive stocks of furniture in our warerooms. Good furniture costs no more than slip shod and poorly finished furniture. Our prices will fittingly compare with those of other

Midcletown, Del.

不不不在在 不不不不不不不不不不不不不不不

J. F. McWHORTER & SON

We have all the leading makes of



J. F. McWhorter and Son

Middletown, Delaware

Mandadadadadadadadadadadadadadadadada